

## **SEMESTER I**

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Calculus-I</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-301</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>4(4-0)</b>

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Calculus serves as the foundation of advanced subjects in all areas of mathematics. This is the first course of Calculus. The objective of this course is to introduce students to the fundamental concepts of limit, continuity, differential and integral calculus of functions of one variable.

### **THEORY:**

Lines and systems of equations, Nonlinear systems: at least one quadratic equation.  
Limits and continuity: Functions, limit of a function. Graphical approach. Properties of limits. Theorems of limits. Limits of polynomials, rational and transcendental functions. Limits at infinity, infinite limits, one-sided limits. Continuity.  
Derivatives. Definition, techniques of differentiation. Derivatives of polynomials and rational, exponential, logarithmic and trigonometric functions. The chain rule. Implicit differentiation. Rates of change in natural and social sciences. Related rates. Linear approximations and differentials. Higher derivatives, Leibnitz's theorem. Applications of derivatives: Increasing and decreasing functions. Relative extrema and optimization. First derivative test for relative extrema. Convexity and point of inflection. The second derivative test for extrema. Curve sketching. Mean value theorems. Indeterminate forms and L'Hopital's rule. Inverse functions and their derivatives. Integration: Anti derivatives and integrals. Riemann sums and the definite integral. Properties of Integral. The fundamental theorem of calculus. The substitution rule.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Kaseberg. 2004. Intermediate Algebra. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Thomson-Brooks/Cole.
2. F. A. Jr., E. Mendelson, Schaum's Outline of Calculus. Latest Edition. McGraw Hill Inc.
3. G. B. Thomas Jr., M. D. Weir, J. R. Hass, F. R. Giordano. Thomas's Calculus. Latest Edition. Pearson Education.
4. H. Anton, I. Bivens, S. Davis. Calculus. Latest Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. M. Liebeck. 2011. A Concise Introduction To Pure Mathematics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. CRC Press.

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Elements of Set Theory and Mathematical Logic</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-303</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>3(3-0)</b>

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Everything mathematicians do can be reduced to statements about sets, equality and membership which are basics of set theory. This course introduces these basic concepts. The course aims at familiarizing the students with cardinals, relations and fundamentals of propositional and predicate logics.

### **THEORY:**

Set theory: Sets, subsets, operations with sets: union, intersection, difference, symmetric difference, Cartesian product and disjoint union.

Functions: graph of a function. Composition; injections, surjections, bijections, inverse function.

Computing cardinals: Cardinality of Cartesian product, union. Cardinality of all functions from a set to another set. Cardinality of all injective, surjective and bijective functions from a set to another set. Infinite sets, finite sets. Countable sets, properties, examples ( $\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{Q}$ ).  $\mathbb{R}$  is not countable.  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$  have the same cardinal. Operations with cardinal numbers. Cantor-Bernstein theorem.

Relations: Equivalence relations, partitions, quotient set; examples, parallelism, similarity of triangles. Order relations, min, max, inf, sup; linear order. Examples:  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mathbb{Z}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathcal{P}(A)$ . Well ordered sets and induction. Inductively ordered sets and Zorn's lemma.

Mathematical logic: Propositional Calculus. Truth tables. Predicate Calculus.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. Smith, M. Eggen, R. S. Andre. 2001. A Transition to Advanced Mathematics. 7<sup>th</sup> Edition. Brooks/Cole.
2. M. Liebeck. 2011. A Concise Introduction to Pure Mathematics. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. CRC Press.
3. N. L. Biggs. 2002. Discrete Mathematics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Oxford University Press.
4. P. R. Halmos, Naive Set Theory, New York, Van Nostrand.
5. R. Garnier, J. Taylor. 2010. Discrete Mathematics. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. CRC Press.

## **SEMESTER II**

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Calculus-II</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-302</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>4(4-0)</b>

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This is second course of Calculus. As continuation of Calculus I, it focuses on techniques of integration and applications of integrals. The course also aims at introducing the students to infinite series, parametric curves and polar coordinates.

### **THEORY:**

Techniques of integration: Integrals of elementary, hyperbolic, trigonometric, logarithmic and exponential functions. Integration by parts, substitution and partial fractions. Approximate integration. Improper integrals. Gamma functions.

Applications of integrals: Area between curves, average value. Volumes. Arc length. Area of a surface of revolution. Applications to Economics, Physics, Engineering and Biology.

Infinite series: Sequences and series. Convergence and absolute convergence. Tests for convergence: divergence test, integral test, p-series test, comparison test, limit comparison test, alternating series test, ratio test, root test. Power series. Convergence of power series.

Representation of functions as power series. Differentiation and integration of power series. Taylor and McLaurin series.

Approximations by Taylor polynomials. Conic section, parameterized curves and polar coordinates. Curves defined by parametric equations. Calculus with parametric curves: tangents, areas, arc length. Polar coordinates. Polar curves, tangents to polar curves. Areas and arc length in polar coordinates.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Kaseberg. 2004. Intermediate Algebra. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Thomson-Brooks/Cole.
2. F. A. Jr., E. Mendelson, Schaum's Outline of Calculus. Latest Edition. McGraw Hill Inc.
3. G. B. Thomas Jr., M. D. Weir, J. R. Hass, F. R. Giordano. Thomas's Calculus. Latest Edition. Pearson Education.
4. H. Anton, I. Bivens, S. Davis. Calculus. Latest Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. M. Liebeck. 2011. A Concise Introduction To Pure Mathematics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. CRC Press.

**Course Title:** Discrete Mathematics  
**Course Code:** MTH-304  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Discrete Mathematics is study of distinct, un-related topics of mathematics; it embraces topics from early stages of mathematical development and recent additions to the discipline as well. The present course restricts only to counting methods, relations and graphs. The objective of the course is to inculcate in the students the skills that are necessary for decision making in non-continuous situations.

### **THEORY:**

Counting methods: Basic methods: Product, inclusion-exclusion formulae, Permutations and combinations, Recurrence relations and their solutions, Generating functions, Double counting, Applications, Pigeonhole principle, Applications. Relations: Binary relations, n-ary relations, Closures of relations, Compositions of relations Inverse relations. Graphs: Graph terminology, Representation of Graphs, Graphs isomorphism, Algebraic methods: the incidence matrix, connectivity, Eulerian and Hamiltonian paths, Shortest path problem, Trees and spanning trees Complete graphs and bivalent graphs.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Tucker. 2002. Applied Combinatorics. John Wiley & sons. Inc. New York.
2. B. Kolman, R. C. Busby, S. C. Ross, 2008. Discrete Mathematical Structures. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
3. K. H. Rosen, 2007. Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition. McGraw-Hill.
4. K.A. Ross, C. R. B. Wright. 2003. Discrete Mathematics, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
5. N. L. Biggs. 2002. Discrete Mathematics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Oxford University Press.
6. R. Diestel, 2010. Graph Theory. 4<sup>th</sup> Edition. Springer-Verlag. New York.

### **SEMESTER III**

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Calculus-III</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-401</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>4(4-0)</b>

#### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This is third course of Calculus and builds up on the concepts learned in first two courses. The students would be introduced to the vector calculus, the calculus of multivariable functions and double and triple integrals along with their applications.

#### **THEORY:**

Vectors and analytic geometry in space, Vector-valued functions: Vector-valued functions and space curves. Derivatives and integrals of vector valued functions. Arc length. Curvature, normal and binormal vectors.

Multivariable functions and partial derivatives: Functions of several variables. Limits and Continuity. Partial derivatives, Composition and chain rule. Directional derivatives and the gradient vector. Implicit function theorem for several variables. Maximum and minimum values. Optimization problems. Lagrange Multipliers.

Multiple integrals: Double integrals over rectangular domains and iterated integrals. Non-rectangular domains. Double integrals in polar coordinates. Triple integrals in rectangular, cylindrical and spherical coordinates. Applications of double and triple integrals. Change of variables in multiple integrals.

Vector calculus: Vector fields. Line integrals. Green's theorem. Curl and divergence. Surface integrals over scalar and vector fields. Divergence theorem. Stokes' theorem.

#### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Kaseberg. 2004. Intermediate Algebra. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Thomson-Brooks/Cole.
2. F. A. Jr., E. Mendelson, Schaum's Outline of Calculus. Latest Edition. McGraw Hill Inc.
3. G. B. Thomas Jr., M. D. Weir, J. R. Hass, F. R. Giordano. Thomas's Calculus. Latest Edition. Pearson Education.
4. H. Anton, I. Bivens, S. Davis. Calculus. Latest Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. M. Liebeck. 2011. A Concise Introduction To Pure Mathematics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. CRC Press.

**Course Title:** Ordinary Differential Equations  
**Course Code:** MTH-406  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

To introduce students to the formulation, classification of differential equations and existence and uniqueness of solutions. To provide skill in solving initial value and boundary value problems. To develop understanding and skill in solving first and second order linear homogeneous and nonhomogeneous differential equations and solving differential equations using power series methods.

### **THEORY:**

Introduction and formulation of differential equations. First order ordinary differential equations: formation and solution of differential equations, Separable variables, Exact Equations, Homogeneous Equations, Linear equations, integrating factors. Some non-linear first order equations with known solution, differential equations of Bernoulli and Riccati type, Clairaut equation, Modeling with first order ODEs, Basic theory of systems of first order linear equations, Homogeneous linear system with constant coefficients, Non homogeneous linear system. Second and higher order linear differential equations: Initial value and boundary value problem, Homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations, Superposition principle, Homogeneous Equations with constant coefficient, Linear independence and Wronskian, Non-homogeneous Equations, undetermined coefficients method, variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation, Modeling.

Sturm-Liouville problems: Introduction to Eigen value problem, adjoint and self adjoint operators, self adjoint differential equations, Eigen value and Eigen functions, Sturm-Liouville (S-L) boundary value problems, regular and singular S-L problems, properties of regular S-L problems.

Series Solutions: Power series, ordinary and singular points, Existence of power series solutions, power series solution, types of singular points, Frobenius theorem,

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. G. Zill, M. R. Cullin, 2009. Differential Equations With Boundary Value Problems. 7<sup>th</sup> Edition. Brooks/Cole.
2. T. M. Apostol, 2014. Calculus (Volume 2: Multi-Variable Calculus and Linear Algebra, with Applications to Differential Equations and Probability). 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. John Wiley & Sons.
3. W. E. Boyce, R. C. DiPrima, 2001. Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems. 7<sup>th</sup> Edition. John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
4. W. T. Ang, Y. S. Park, 2008. Ordinary Differential Equations: Methods and Applications. Universal Publishers. Boca Raton.

## **SEMESTER IV**

**Course Title:** Affine and Euclidean Geometry  
**Course Code:** MTH-402  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

To familiarize mathematics students with the axiomatic approach to geometry from a logical, historical, and pedagogical point of view and introduce them with the basic concepts of Affine Geometry, Affine spaces and Platonic Polyhedra.

### **THEORY:**

Vector Spaces and Affine Geometry: Co linearity of three points , ratio  $AB/BC$  , Linear combinations and linear dependent set versus affine combinations and affine dependent sets , Classical theorems in affine geometry : Thales , Menelaus , Ceva , Desargues , Affine subspaces , affine maps , Dimension of a linear subspace and of an affine subspace .  
Euclidean Geometry: Scalar product , Cauchy-Schwartz inequality : norm of a vector , distance between two points, angles between two non-zero vectors , Pythagoras theorem , parallelogram law , cosine and sine rules , Elementary geometric loci .Orthogonal Transformations :Isometries of plane (four types), Isometries of space (six types) , Orthogonal basis. Platonic polyhedral :Euler theorem on finite planar graphs , Classification of regular polyhedra in space Isometries of regular polygons and regular polyhedra .

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. E. G. Rees. 2004. Notes on Geometry. Springer.
2. H. W. Eves , Fundamentals of Modern Elementary Geometry, Jones and Bartlett Publishers
3. M. A. Armstrong, Groups and Symmetry, Springer
4. S. Stahl, 2007. A Gateway to Modern Geometry: The Poincare Half-Plane. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. Jones and Bartlett International Publishers. Inc. United States.

**Course Title:**            **Linear Algebra**  
**Course Code:**           **MTH-404**  
**Credit Hours:**         **3(3-0)**

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Linear algebra is the study of vector spaces and linear transformations. The main objective of this course is to help students learn in rigorous manner, the tools and methods essential for studying the solution spaces of problems in mathematics, engineering, the natural sciences, and social sciences and develop mathematical skills needed to apply these to the problems arising within their field of study; and to various real world problems.

### **THEORY:**

System of Linear Equations, Gauss-Jordan method , Gaussian elimination.

Determinants: Permutations of order two and three and definitions of determinants of the same order , Computing of determinants, Definition of higher order determinants , Properties , Expansion of determinants

Vector Spaces: Definition and examples , subspaces , Linear combination and spanning set , Linearly independent set , Finitely generated vector spaces , Bases and dimension of a vector space, Operations on subspaces , Intersections , sums and direct sums of subspaces , Quotient spaces.

Linear Mappings: Definitions and examples , Kernel and image of a linear mapping , Rank and nullity Reflections , Projections and homotheties , Change of basis , Eigen values and Eigen vectors , Theorem of Hamilton-Cayley.

Inner Product Spaces: Definitions and examples , Properties , Projection , Cauchy inequality , Orthogonal and Orthonormal basis , Gram-Schmidt Process , Diagonalization.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. Dummit, R. M. Foote, 2003. Abstract Algebra. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Wiley.
2. H. Anton, C. Rorres. 2010. Elementary Linear Algebra : Applications Version. 10<sup>th</sup> Edition. John Wiley & Sons.
3. T. M. Apostol, 2014. Calculus (Volume 2: Multi-Variable Calculus and Linear Algebra, with Applications to Differential Equations and Probability). 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. John Wiley & Sons.
4. S. Lang, 2004. Linear Algebra. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Springer-Verlag.
5. S. Friedberg, A. Insel . 2003. Linear Algebra, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition. Pearson Education. Canada



## **SEMESTER V**

**Course Title:** Topology  
**Course Code:** MTH-501  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to introduce the students to metric spaces and topological spaces. After completion of this course, they would be familiar with separation axioms, compactness and completeness. They would be able to determine whether a function defined on a metric or topological space is continuous or not and what homeomorphisms are.

### **THEORY:**

Review of metric spaces. Topological spaces: Examples; open and closed subsets, neighborhoods. Examples. Limit points and accumulation points. Interior, closure, dense subsets. Constructing new topological spaces: Cartesian products, induced topology and quotient topology. Continuous maps, open and closed maps, homeomorphisms. Examples:  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$ ,  $S^1$ ,  $S^2$ , torus, cylinder. Cauchy sequences, complete metric spaces. Separation axioms. Compact spaces. Properties. Power of Compactness. Image of a compact set through a continuous map. Compactness and completeness of metric spaces. Connected spaces, connected components. Properties. Image of a connected set through a continuous map. Path-connectedness.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. G. F. Simmons. 2004. Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis. Edition 9th. McGraw- Hill.
2. J. Kelly. 2005. General Topology. Edition Ist. Springer.
3. J. G. Hocking, G. S. Young. 2012. Topology. Edition 5th. Dover Publications.
4. J. R. Munkres. 2000. Topology-A First Course, Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>. Prentice-Hall
5. S. Lipschutz .2004. General Topology. Edition Ist. McGraw-Hill.

**Course Title:** Differential Geometry  
**Course Code:** MTH-503  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

After having completed this course, the students would be expected to understand classical concepts in the local theory of curves and surfaces including normal, principal, mean, curvature, and geodesics. They will also learn about tensors of different ranks.

### **THEORY:**

Theory of Space Curves: Introduction, index notation and summation convention. Space curves, arc length, tangent, normal and binormal. Osculating, normal and rectifying planes. Curvature and torsion. The Frenet-Serret theorem. Natural equation of a curve. Involutes and evolutes, helices. Fundamental existence theorem of space curves.

Theory of Surfaces: Coordinate transformation. Tangent plane and surface normal. The first fundamental form and the metric tensor. The second fundamental form. Principal, Gaussian, mean, geodesic and normal curvatures. Gauss and Weingarten equations. Gauss and Codazzi equations.

Tensor Analysis: Einstein summation convention. Tensors of different ranks. Contravariant, covariant and mixed tensors. Addition, subtraction, inner and outer products of tensors. Contraction theorem, quotient law. The line element and metric tensor. Christoffel symbols.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. N. Pressley. 2010. Elementary Differential Geometry. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>, Springer.
2. A. W. Joshi. Matrices and Tensors in Physics. Edition Latest. Wiley Eastern Limited.
1. 3 . D. Somasundaram. 2005. Differential Geometry, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi
3. E. Kreyszig. 2002. Differential Geometry, Edition Ist. Dover.
4. M. M. Lipschutz. Schaum's Outline of Differential Geometry. Latest Edition. McGraw Hill.

**Course Title:** Real Analysis I  
**Course Code:** MTH-505  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This is the first course in analysis. It develops the fundamental ideas of analysis and is aimed at developing the students' ability in reading and writing mathematical proofs. Another objective is to provide sound understanding of the axiomatic foundations of the real number system, in particular the notions of completeness and compactness.

### **THEORY:**

Algebraic and ordered properties of Real Numbers, Absolute values, Inequalities (Cauchy's, Minkowski's, Bernoulli's) Properties and concepts of supremum and infimum, Ordered sets, Fields, Field of Real, The extended real number system, Euclidean spaces, Sequences, Subsequences, Cauchy sequence, Series of Numbers and their convergence. The Comparison, Root, Ratio and Integral tests. Absolute and Conditional convergence of infinite series. Limits and Continuity. Properties of continuous functions. Types of discontinuities. Differentiable functions. Mean-value theorems, Continuity of derivatives. Partial Derivatives and Differentiability. Derivative and differentials of Composite functions. The Directional Derivative, the Laplacian in polar cylindrical and Spherical coordinates.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. R. G. Bartle, D. R. Sherbert. 2000. Introduction to Real Analysis. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. John Wiley New York.
2. T. M. Apostol. Mathematical Analysis. Latest Edition. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.
3. W. Kaplan. 2002. Advance Calculus. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. Published by Pearson Education.
4. W. Rudin. 2013. Principles of Mathematics Analysis. Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>. McGraw-Hill. New York.

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Algebra I</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-507</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>3(3-0)</b>

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This course introduces basic concepts of groups and their homomorphisms. The main objective of this course is to prepare students for courses which require a good back ground in group theory like Rings and Modules, Linear Algebra, Group Representation, Galois Theory etc.

### **THEORY:**

Review of Groups. Complexes and coset decomposition of groups, normalize centralizer. The center of a group. Equivalence relation in a group, Conjugacy classes, double cosets. normal subgroups, quotient group.

Group homomorphisms: Homomorphisms, isomorphism and automorphism. Kernel and image of homomorphism. Isomorphism theorems. commutator subgroups of a group. permutation groups. The cyclic decomposition of permutation group. Cayley's theorem. Sylow Theorems: Cauchy's theorem for Abelian and non-Abelian group, Sylow theorems.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. S. Dummit, R. M. Foote. 2004. Abstract Algebra, Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.
2. J. S. Rose. 2012. A Course on Group Theory. Revised edition. Dover Publications.
3. J. B. Fraleigh. 2002. A First Course in Abstract Algebra, Edition 7th. Addison-Wesley Publishing company.
4. Publishing company.
5. P. M. Cohn . 2000. Algebra. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>. John Wiley and Sons. London.

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Vector and Tensor Analysis</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-509</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>3(3-0)</b>

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to introduce the vectors and tensor analysis which is useful for advance courses.

### **THEORY:**

3-D vectors, summation convention, kronecker delta, Levi-Civita symbol, vectors as quantities transforming under rotations with  $\epsilon_{ijk}$  notation, scalar- and vector- triple products, scalar- and vector-point functions, differentiation and integration of vectors, line integrals, path independence, surface integrals, volume integrals, gradient, divergence and curl with physical significance and applications, vector identities, Green's theorem in a plane, divergence theorem, Stokes's theorem, coordinate systems and their bases, the spherical-polar- and the cylindrical-coordinate meshes, tensors of first, second and higher orders, algebra of tensors, contraction of tensor, quotient theorem, symmetric and skew-symmetric tensors, invariance property, application of tensors in modeling anisotropic systems, study of physical tensors (moment of inertia, index of refraction, etc.), diagonalization of inertia tensor as aligning coordinate frame with natural symmetries of the system

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. E. Bourne, P. C. Kendall, Vector Analysis and Cartesian Tensors. Edition Latest. Thomas Nelson.
2. G. D. Smith. 2000. Vector Analysis. Edition Latest. Oxford University Press.
3. N. A. Shah, 2005. Vector and Tensor Analysis. Edition Latest. A-One Publishers. Lahore
4. K. A. Stroud, 2003. Advanced Engineering Mathematics. Fourth Edition. Palgrave Macmillan

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Complex Analysis I</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-511</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>3(3-0)</b>

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This is an introductory course in complex analysis, giving the basics of the theory along with applications, with an emphasis on applications of complex analysis and especially conformal mappings. Students should have a background in real analysis (as in the course Real Analysis- I), including the ability to write a simple proof in an analysis context.

### **THEORY:**

The Concept of Analytic Functions: Complex numbers, complex planes, complex functions, Analytic functions, entire functions, Harmonic functions, Elementary functions: complex exponential, logarithmic and hyperbolic functions. Infinite Series: Power series, derived series, radius of convergence, Taylor series and Laurent series. Conformal Representation: Transformation, conformal transformation, linear transformation, Möbius transformations. Complex Integration: Complex integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem, Cauchy's integral formula and their consequences, Liouville's theorem, Morera's theorem, Derivative of an analytic function.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. G. Zill and P. D. Shanahan. 2003. Complex Analysis. Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
2. H. S. Kasana 2005. Complex Variables: Theory and Applications. Prentice Hall.
3. J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill. 2004. Complex Variables and Applications, 7th edition. McGraw Hill Company.
4. M. R. Spiegel 1974. Complex Variables. McGraw Hill Book Company.
5. Louis L. Pennisi. 1976. Elements of Complex Variables. Holt, Linehart and Winston.

## **SEMESTER VI**

**Course Title:** Partial Differential Equations  
**Course Code:** MTH-502  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Partial Differential Equations (PDEs) are at the heart of applied mathematics and many other scientific disciplines. The course aims at developing understanding about fundamental concepts of PDEs theory, identification and classification of their different types, how they arise in applications, and analytical methods for solving them. Special emphasis would be on wave, heat and Laplace equations.

### **THEORY:**

Pre-Requisite: Ordinary Differential Equations Introduction, Review of ordinary differential equation in more than one variables, Linear partial differential equations (PDEs) of the first order, Cauchy's problem for quasilinear first order PDEs. PDEs of Second Order: PDEs of second order in two independent variables with variable coefficients, Linear transformation from one equation to another equation, Normal form, Cauchy's problem for second order PDEs in two independent variables. Adjoint Equation: Adjoint operator, Self adjoint equation and operator Linear PDEs in  $n$  independent variables, Lagrange's identity, Green's theorem for self adjoint operator. Boundary Value Problems: Laplace equation, Dirichlet problem for a circle, Poisson's integral for a circle, Solution of Laplace equation in Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates, The wave equation in one dimension, The wave equation in higher dimensions, The heat equation, Axially symmetric solutions

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. I. N. Sneddon, Elements of Partial Differential Equations (Dover Publishing, Inc., 2006)
2. R. Dennemyer, Introduction to Partial Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems (McGraw Hill Book Company, 1968)
3. M. Humi and W. B. Miller, Boundary Value Problem and Partial Differential Equations(PWS-Kent Publishing Company, Boston, 1991)
4. C. R. Chester, Techniques in Partial Differential Equations (McGraw Hill Book Company, 1971)
5. R. Haberman, Elementary Applied Partial Differential Equations, 2nd edition (Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1987)
6. E. Zauderer, Partial Differential Equations of Applied Mathematics (Wiley-Interscience, Englewood Cliff, New York, 2006)

**Course Title:** Classical Mechanics  
**Course Code:** MTH-504  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

To provide solid understanding of classical mechanics and enable the students to use this understanding while studying courses on quantum mechanics, statistical mechanics, electromagnetism, fluid dynamics, space-flight dynamics, astrodynamics and continuum mechanics.

**THEORY:**

Kinematics. Kinetics: Work, power, kinetic energy, conservative force fields. Conservation of energy, impulse, torque, Conservation of linear and angular momentum. Non-conservative forces. Simple Harmonic Motion: The simple harmonic oscillator, period, frequency. Resonance and energy. The damped harmonic oscillator, over damped, critically damped and under damped Motion, forces and vibrations.

Central Forces and Planetary Motion: Central force fields, equations of motion, potential energy, orbits Kepler's law of planetary motion. Apsides and apsidal angles for nearly circular orbits. Motion in an inverse square field.

Planer Motion of Rigid Bodies: Introduction to rigid and elastic bodies, degree of freedom, translations, rotations, instantaneous axis and center of rotation, motion of center of mass. Euler's theorem and Chasles' theorem. Rotation of a rigid body about a fixed axis, moments and products of inertia. Parallel and perpendicular axis theorem.

Motion of Rigid Bodies in Three Dimensions: General motion of rigid bodies in space. The momental ellipsoid and equimomental systems. Angular momentum vector and rotational kinetic energy. Principal axes and principal moments of inertia. Determination of principal axes by diagonalizing the inertia matrix. Euler Equations of Motion of a Rigid Body: Force free motion. Free rotation of a rigid body with an axis of symmetry. Free rotation of a rigid body with three different principal moments. The Eulerian angles, angular velocity and kinetic energy in terms of Euler angles. Motion of a spinning top and gyroscopes-steady precession, sleeping top.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. C. F. Chorlton. 2004, Text Book of Dynamics. Edition 2nd. CBS Publishers.
2. E. DiBenedetto. 2011. Classical Mechanics: Theory and Mathematical Modeling. Edition Latest. Birkhauser Boston.
3. G. R. Fowles, G. L. Cassiday. 2005. Analytical Mechanics. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. Thomson Brooks/Cole, USA.
4. John R. Taylor. 2005. Classical Mechanics. Edition Latest. University of Colorado.
5. M. R. Spiegel. 2004. Theoretical Mechanics. Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.



**Course Title:**            **Complex Analysis II**  
**Course Code:**           **MTH-506**  
**Credit Hours:**         **3(3-0)**

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The course unit aims to introduce the ideas of complex analysis with particular emphasis on Cauchy's theorem and the calculus of residues. Students should have a background in complex analysis (as in the course Complex Analysis- I), including the ability to write a simple proof in an analysis context.

**THEORY:**

Singularity and Poles: Review of Laurent series, zeros, singularities, Poles and residues.

Contour Integration: Cauchy's residue theorem, applications of Cauchy's residue theorem.

Expansion of Functions and Analytic Continuation: Mittag-Leffler theorem, Weierstrass's factorization theorem, analytic continuation. Elliptic Functions: Periodic functions, Elliptic

functions and its properties, Weierstrass function  $\wp(z)$ , differential equation satisfied by  $\wp(z)$ ,

integral formula for  $\wp(z)$ , addition theorem for  $\wp(z)$ , duplication formula for  $\wp(z)$ , Elliptic

functions in terms of Weierstrass function with the same periods, Quasi periodic functions: The zeta and sigma functions of Weierstrass, Jacobian elliptic functions and its properties.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. H. S. Kasana. 2005. Complex Variables: Theory and Applications. Prentice Hall.
2. M. R. Spiegel. 1974. Complex Variables. McGraw Hill Book Company.
3. Louis L. Pennisi. 1976. Elements of Complex Variables. Holt, Linehart and Winston.
4. W. Kaplan 1966. Introduction to Analytic Functions. Addison-Wesley.
5. E. D. Rainville. 1965. Special Functions. The Macmillan Company, New York.
6. E. T. Whittaker and G. N. Watson. 1958. A Course of Modern Analysis. Cambridge University Press.

**Course Title:** Real Analysis II  
**Course Code:** MTH-508  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

A continuation of Real Analysis I, this course will continue to cover the fundamentals of real analysis, concentrating on the Riemann-Stieltjes integrals, Functions of Bounded Variation, Improper Integrals, and convergence of series.

**THEORY:**

The Riemann - Stieltjes (R-S) Integrals. Properties of R-S integrals. Functions of bounded variations. Point wise and uniform convergence of sequences and series of functions, Weierstrass M-Test, Uniform convergence and continuity. Uniform Convergence and differentiation, Uniform Convergence and integration. Convergence of improper integrals. Beta and Gamma functions and their properties. Implicit functions, Jacobians, Functional dependence. Taylor's theorem for a function of two variables. Maxmima and minima of functions of two and three variables. Method of Lagrange Multipliers.

**RECOMMENDED BOOK:**

1. R .G. Bartle, D.R.Sherbert. 2000. Introduction to Real Analysis. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>, John Wiley New York.
2. T. M. Apostol. Mathematical Analysis. Latest Edition. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.
3. W. Kaplan. 2002. Advance Calculus .Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. Pearson Education.
4. W. Rudin. 2013. Principles of Mathematics Analysis. Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>, McGraw-Hill New York.

**Course Title:** Functional Analysis  
**Course Code:** MTH-510  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This course extends methods of linear algebra and analysis to spaces of functions, in which the interaction between algebra and analysis allows powerful methods to be developed. The course will be mathematically sophisticated and will use ideas both from linear algebra and analysis.

**THEORY:**

Metric Space: Review of metric spaces, Convergence in metric spaces, Complete metric spaces, Dense sets and separable spaces, Nowhere dense sets, Baire category theorem. Normed Spaces: Normed linear spaces, Banach spaces, Equivalent norms, Linear operator, Finite dimensional normed spaces, Continuous and bounded linear operators, Dual spaces. Inner Product Spaces: Definition and examples, Orthonormal sets and bases, Annihilators, projections, Linear functionals on Hilbert spaces. Reflexivity of Hilbert spaces.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. V. Balakrishnan. 2000. Applied Functional Analysis. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>. Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
2. E. Kreyszig. 2004. Introduction to Functional Analysis with Applications. Latest Edition. John Wiley and Sons.
3. J. B. Conway. 2000. A Course in Functional Analysis. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>. Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
4. K. Yosida. Functional Analysis. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. Springer-Verlag. Berlin.

**Course Title:** Algebra II  
**Course Code:** MTH-512  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This is a course in advanced abstract algebra, which builds on the concepts learnt in Algebra I. The objectives of the course are to introduce students to the basic ideas and methods of modern algebra and enable them to understand the idea of a ring and an integral domain, and be aware of examples of these structures in mathematics; appreciate and be able to prove the basic results of ring theory; appreciate the significance of unique factorization in rings and integral domains.

**THEORY:**

Rings: Definition, examples. Quadratic integer rings. Examples of non-commutative rings. The Hamilton quaternions. Polynomial rings. Matrix rings. Units, zero-divisors. Nilpotent, idempotent. Subrings, ideals. Maximal and prime ideals. Left, right and two-sided ideals; Operations with ideals. The ideal generated by sets. Quotient rings. Ring homomorphism. The isomorphism theorems, applications. Finitely generated ideals. Rings of fractions. Integral Domain: The Chinese remainder theorem. Divisibility in integral domains, Greatest common divisor, least common multiple. Euclidean domains. The Euclidean algorithm. Principal ideal domains. Prime and irreducible elements in an integral domain. Gauss lemma, irreducibility criteria for polynomials. Unique factorization domains. Finite fields. Polynomials in several variables. Symmetric polynomials. The fundamental theorem of symmetric polynomials.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D.S. Dummit, R.M. Foote 2004. Abstract Algebra. Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.
2. J. B. Fraleigh. 2002. A First Course in Abstract Algebra. Edition Latest. Addison Wesley Publishing Company.
3. P. M. Cohn. 2000. Algebra, Edition 2nd. John Wiley and Sons. London.
4. P. B. Bhattacharya, S. K. Jain, S.R. Nagpaul. 1994. Basic Abstract Algebra, Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>. Cambridge University Press.

## **SEMESTER VII**

**Course Title:** Numerical Analysis I  
**Course Code:** MTH-601  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This course is designed to teach the students about numerical methods and their theoretical bases. The course aims at inculcating in the students the skill to apply various techniques in numerical analysis, understand and do calculations about errors that can occur in numerical methods and understand and be able to use the basics of matrix analysis.

### **THEORY:**

Number Systems and Errors, Interpolation by Polynomials: Existence and uniqueness of the interpolating polynomial. Lagrangian interpolation, the divided difference table. Error of the interpolating polynomial; interpolation with equally spaced data, Newton's forward and backward difference formulas, Bessel's interpolation formula. Solution of non-linear Equations: Bisection method, iterative methods, secant and regula falsi methods; fixed point iteration, convergence criterion for a fixed point iteration, Newton-Raphson method, order of convergence of Newton-Raphson and secant methods. System of Linear Equations: Gauss elimination methods, triangular factorization, Crout method. Iterative methods: Jacobi method, Gauss-Seidel method, SOR method, convergence of iterative methods. Numerical Differentiation: Numerical differentiation formulae based on interpolation polynomials, error estimates. Numerical Integration: Newton-Cotes formulae; trapezoidal rule, Simpson's formulas, composite rules, Romberg improvement, Richardson extrapolation. Error estimation of integration formulas, Gaussian quadrature.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Komech, A. Komech. 2009. Principles of Partial Differential Equations, Springer-New York.
2. C. F. Gerlad, P.O. Wheatley. 2005. Applied Numerical Analysis. Pearson Education. Singapore.
3. J. H. Mathews, Numerical Methods for Mathematics, Latest Edition. Prentice Hall International,
4. L. Debnath. 2005. Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers, Birkhauser-Boston.
5. R. L. Burden, J. D. Faires: Numerical Analysis, Latest Edition. PWS Pub. Co.
6. W. E. Boyce, R. C. DiPrima. 2001. Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, John Wiley & sons, Inc.

**Course Title:** Number Theory  
**Course Code:** MTH-603  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The focus of the course is on study of the fundamental properties of integers and develops ability to prove basic theorems. The specific objectives include study of division algorithm, prime numbers and their distributions, Diophantine equations, and the theory of congruences.

### **THEORY:**

Preliminaries: Well-ordering principle of finite induction. Divisibility theory: The division algorithms. Basis representation theorem. Prime and composite numbers. Canonical decomposition. The greatest common divisor. The Euclidean algorithm. The Fundamental theorem of arithmetic. Least common multiple. Linear Diophantine equations: congruences. Linear congruences. System of linear congruences. The Chinese remainder theorem. Divisibility tests. Solving polynomial congruences. Fermat's and Euler's theorems. Wilson's theorem. Arithmetic Functions: Euler's phi-function. The function of  $J$  and Sigma. The Mobius function. The sieve of Eratosthenes. Perfect numbers. Fermat and Mersenne primes. Primitive Roots and indices: The order of integer mod  $n$ . Primitive roots for primes. Composite numbers having primitive roots. Quadratic residues: Legendre symbols and its properties. The quadratic reciprocity law.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Adler, J. E. Coury. 2002. The Theory of Numbers. Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
2. D. M. Burton. 2007. Elementary Number Theory. McGraw-Hill.
3. I. Niven, H. S. Zuckerman, H. L. Montgomery. 2014. An Introduction to The Theory of Numbers. John Wiley and Sons.
4. K. H. Rosen. 2005. Elementary Number Theory and Its Applications. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. Pearson/Addison Wesley.
5. W. J. Leveque. 2015. Topics in Number Theory. Edition 7<sup>th</sup>. Addison-Wesley. Vols. I and II.

**Course Title:** Mathematical Statistics I  
**Course Code:** MTH-605  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The principal aim of this course is to provide students with a solid grounding in probability theory and mathematical statistics.

**THEORY:**

Probability Distributions: The postulates of probability, Some elementary theorems, Addition and multiplication rules, Baye's rule and future Baye's theorem. Random variables and probability functions, Discrete Probability Distributions: Uniform, Bernoulli and Binomial distribution, Hypergeometric and geometric distribution, Negative binomial and Poisson distribution. Continuous Probability Distributions: Uniform and exponential distribution, Gamma and beta distributions, Normal distribution Mathematical Expectations: Moments and moment generating functions, Moments of binomial, hypergeometric, Poisson, gamma, beta and normal distributions.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. J. E. Freund, Mathematical Statistics, (Prentice Hall Inc., 1992)
2. Hogg and Craig, Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, (Collier Macmillan, 1958)
3. Mood, Greyill and Boes, Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, (McGraw Hill)
4. R. E. Walpole, Introduction to Statistics, 3rd edition, (Macmillan Publishing Company London, 1982)
5. M. R. Spiegel and L. J. Stephens, Statistics, (McGraw Hill Book Company, 1984)

**Course Title:**                    **Advanced Group Theory**  
**Course Code:**                   **MTH-607**  
**Credit Hours:**                 **3(3-0)**

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to study advance topics of group theory.

**THEORY:**

Direct products and normal products of groups, Holomorphic of a group, Finitely generated abelian groups, Group action on a set, orbits and transitive actions, Stabilizers , The orbit stabilizer theorem, Characteristic and fully invariant subgroups, symmetric and alternating groups, generators of symmetric and alternating groups, Simple groups, simplicity of  $A_n$ ,  $n \geq 5$ , series in groups. Zassenhau's Lemma, normal series and their refinements, composition series, principal or chief series.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. N. Carter. 2009. Visual Group Theory. American Association of America Inc.
2. P.M. Cohn. 2000. Classic Algebra. London. John Wiley & Sons Inc.
3. D.S. Dummit, R.M. Foote. 2004. Abstract Algebra. Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>. John Wiley & Sons, .
4. J. Gallian. 2013. Contemporary Abstract Algebra. Edition 8th. Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning.



**Course Title:**                    **Methods of Mathematical Physics**  
**Course Code:**                    **MTH-609**  
**Credit Hours:**                    **3(3-0)**

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The main objective of this course is to provide the students with a range of mathematical methods that are essential to the solution of advanced problems encountered in the fields of applied physics and engineering. In addition this course is intended to prepare the students with mathematical tools and techniques that are required in advanced courses offered in the applied physics and engineering programs.

**THEORY:**

Fourier Methods: The Fourier transforms. Fourier analysis of the generalized functions. The Laplace transforms. Hankel transforms for the solution of PDEs and their application to boundary value problems.

Green's Functions and Transform Methods: Expansion for Green's functions. Transform methods. Closed form Green's functions.

Perturbation Techniques: Perturbation methods for algebraic equations. Perturbation methods for differential equations.

Variational Methods: Euler- Langrange equations. Integrand involving one, two, three and n variables. Special cases of Euler- Langrange's equations. Necessary conditions for existence of an extremum of a functional. Constrained maxima and minima.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. D. Snider. 2007. Partial Differential Equations. Sources and Solutions. Prentice Hall Inc.
2. D. L. Powers. 2005. Boundary Value Problems and Partial Differential Equations. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. Academic Press.
3. J. W. Brown, R. V. Churchill. 2006. Fourier Series and Boundary Value Problems. McGraw-Hill.
4. W. E. Boyce. 2005. Elementary Differential Equations. Edition 8th. John Wiley and Sons.

**Course Title:** Quantum Mechanics I  
**Course Code:** MTH-611  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of the course is to provide mathematics students with a thorough introduction to nonrelativistic quantum mechanics, with emphasis on the mathematical structure of the theory.

**THEORY:**

Inadequacy of Classical Mechanics: Black body radiation, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, Bohr's theory of atomic structure, Wave-particle duality, the de- Broglie postulate.

The Uncertainty Principle: Uncertainty of position and momentum, statement and proof of the uncertainty principle, Energy time uncertainty. Eigenvalues and eigen functions, Operators and eigen functions, Linear Operators, Operator formalism in Quantum Mechanics, Orthonormal systems, Hermitian operators and their properties, Simultaneous eigen functions. Parity operators. Postulates of quantum mechanics, the Schrödinger wave equation. Motion in one Dimension: Step potential, potential barrier, Potential well, and Harmonic oscillator.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. E. Merzdacker. 2005. Quantum Mechanics. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. John Wiley and Sons Inc. New York.
2. H. Muirhead. 2002. The Physics of Elementary Particles. Pergamon Press.
3. J.G. Taylor. 2010. Quantum Mechanics George Allen and Unwin. .
4. R. M. Eisberg. 2005. Fundamental of Modern Mechanics. John Wiley and Sons Inc.
5. T. L.Powell, B. Crasemann. 2002. Quantum Mechanics. Addison-Wesley.

**Course Title:** Fluid Mechanics I  
**Course Code:** MTH-613  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of the course is to introduce some of the most current research subjects in the field of fluid dynamics.

**THEORY:**

Real fluids and ideal fluids, Velocity of a fluid at a point, Streamlines and path lines, Steady and unsteady flows, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Local and particle rates of change, Equation of continuity. Acceleration of a fluid, Conditions at a rigid boundary, General Analysis of fluid motion Euler's equations of motion, Bernoulli's equations steady motion under conservative body forces, Some potential theorems, impulsive motion. Sources, Sinks and doublets, Images in rigid infinite plane and solid spheres, Axi-symmetric flows, Stokes's stream function. Stream function, Complex potential for two-dimensional, Irrational, Incompressible flow, Complex velocity potential for uniform stream. Line sources and line sinks, Line doublets image systems, Milne-Thomson circle theorem, Blasius's Theorem.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. G. Currie. 2012. Fundamental Mechanics and Fluids. CRC Press.
2. H. Schlichting . 2000. Boundary Layer Theory. Springer.
3. J. H. Spurk, N. Aksel. 2008. Fluid Mechanics. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>.Springer.
4. R. K. Bansal. 2005. A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics. Laxmi Publications (P) LTD, New Delhi.

**Course Title:**                    **Advanced Topology**  
**Course Code:**                   **MTH-615**  
**Credit Hours:**                 **3(3-0)**

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to introduce advance topics in topology.

**THEORY:**

Compactness in metric spaces, Limit point, Compactness, Sequential compactness and their various characterizations, Equivalence of different notions of compactness. Connectedness, various characterizations of connectedness, Connectedness and T()spaces, Local connectedness, Path-connectedness, Components. Homotopic maps, Homotopic paths, Loop spaces, Fundamental groups, Covering spaces, the lifting theorem, Fundamental groups of the circle () etc.Chain complex, Notion of homology.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. J. Hocking. G.Young. 2001. Topology. Dover Publications.
2. J. Kelly. 2005. General Topology. Springer .
3. J. R. Munkres. 2003.Topology - A First Course. Prentice-Hall.
4. S. Lipschutz. 2004. General Topology. McGraw-Hill.

**Course Title:** Algebraic Topology  
**Course Code:** MTH-617  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of the unit is to give an introduction to algebraic topology with an emphasis on cell complexes, fundamental groups and homology.

**THEORY:**

Homotopy theory, Homotopy theory of path and maps, Fundamental group of circle, Covering spaces, Lifting criterion, Loop spaces and higher homotopy group. Affin spaces, Singular theory, Chain complexes, Homotopy invariance of homology, Relation between  $n$ , and  $H$ , relative homology The exact homology sequence. Relative homology, The exact homology sequences, Excision theorem and application to spheres, Mayer Victoris sequences, Jordan-Brouwer separation theorem, Spherical complexes, Betti number and Euler characteristic, Cell Complexes and adjunction spaces.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. H. Wallace. 2004. Algebraic Topology. Homology and Cohomology. W.A. Benjamin Inc. New York.
2. A. Hatcher. 2002. Algebraic Topology. Cambridge University Press.
3. C. A. Kosniowski. 2003. First Course in Algebraic Topology. C.U.P.
4. F. H. Croom. 2005. Basic Concept of Algebraic Theory. Springer-Verlag, New York,
5. M.J.Greenberg, J. R.Harper. 2007. Algebraic Topology. A First Course. The Bonjan Cuning Pub. Co.

**Course Title:** Continuous Group  
**Course Code:** MTH-619  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to give introduction on continuous groups which is useful to learn theoretical physics related subjects.

**THEORY:**

Continuous Groups;  $Gl(n,r)$ ,  $Gl(n,c)$ ,  $So(p,q)$ ,  $Sp(2n)$ ; generalities on Continuous Groups; Groups of isometrics; Introduction to Lie groups with special emphasis on matrix Lie groups; Relationship of isometrics and Lie group; Theorem of Cartan; Correspondence of continuous groups with Lie algebras; Classification of groups of low dimensions; Homogeneous spaces and orbit types; Curvature of invariant metrics on Lie groups and homogeneous spaces.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. G. E. Bredon. 2006. Introduction to Compact Transformation Groups. Academic Press.
2. H. Taqdir. 2007. Introduction to Topological Groups. W.B.Saunders's-Company.
3. Jr. M.Willard. 2008. Symmetry Groups and Their Application. Academic Press-New York and London. Latest Edition.
4. L. P. Eisenhart. 2003. Continuous Groups of Transformations. Princeton U. P.

**Course Title:** Rings and Modules  
**Course Code:** MTH-621  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to realize the importance of rings and modules as central objects in algebra and to study some applications.

**THEORY:**

Basic concepts of Ring Theory, Some Special Classis of Rings, Product, Matrix and Polynomial Rings, Subrings, Ring Homomorphism, Ideal and Quotient Rings, The Field of Quotients of an Integral Domain, Euclidean Rings, Polynomial Rings, Basic concepts of Module Theory, Submodules, Quotient Modules, Direct Sums, Homomorphism, Finitely generated Modules, Torsion Modules, Free Modules.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. M. F. Atiyah and I. G. Macdonald, 1969, Introduction to Commutative Algebra. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc.
2. O. Zariski and P. Samuel. 1975-6, Commutative Algebra, Vols I and II. Springer
3. D. S. Dummit, R. M. Foote. 2004. Abstract Algebra; 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. John Wiley & Sons.
4. R. Gilmer. 1972. Multiplicative Ideal Theory. Marcel Dekker, New York.

**Course Title:** Special Theory of Relativity  
**Course Code:** MTH-623  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to introduce the concept of special relativity and its application to Physical Sciences.

**THEORY:**

Historical background and fundamental concepts of Special Theory of Relativity. Lorentz transformations (for motion along axis). Length contraction. Time dilation and simultaneity. Velocity addition formulae. 3-dimensional Lorentz transformations. Introduction to 4-vector formalism. Lorentz transformations in the 4 vector formalism. The Lorentz and Poincare groups. Introduction to classical Mechanics. Minkowski space time and null cone. 4-velocity, 4 acceleration 4- momentum and 4-force. Application of Special Relativity to Doppler shift and Compton Effect. Particle scattering. Binding energy, Particle production and decay. Electromagnetism in Relativity. Electric current. Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves. The 4-vector formulation of Maxwell's equations. Special Relativity with small acceleration.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Qadir, 1989. Relativity: An Introduction to the Special Theory. World Scientific Press.
2. J. D. Jackson. 1977. Classical Relativity. Springer-Verlag.
3. J. G. Taylor. 1965. Special Relativity. Oxford University Press.
4. R. D' Inverno. 1992. Introduction Einstein's Relativity. Oxford University Press.



**Course Title: Operations Research**  
**Course Code: MTH-625**  
**Credit Hours: 3(3-0)**

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This course deals with the optimization techniques that allocate the available resources in an optimal manner.

**THEORY:**

Linear Programming: Mathematical modeling. Formulation and graphical solution. Analytical solution. Simplex method. Two- phase and M-technique for Linear programs.

Duality. Duality simplex method. Sensitivity Analysis.

Transportation Problems: Definition. Various methods including North –West Corner method. Least –cost method and Vogel’s approximation. The Assignment model. Application to Networks. Shortest- Route Algorithm for acyclic and cyclic networks. Maximal- flow problems.

Integer Programming: Definition and formulation- Cutting-Plane Algorithm and Branch-and Bound method, Application. The mixed Algorithm, Zero-one polynomial programming.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. C. M. Harvey, 1979, Operation Research, North Holland, New Delhi.
2. F. S Hiller, G. J. Liebraman, 1974. Operational Research. CBS Publisher and Distributors. New Delhi.
3. H. A. Taha. 1987. An Introduction to Operations Research. Macmillan Publishing Company Inc. New York.
4. S. Kalavathy, Operations Research. Vikas Publishing House Ltd.
5. S. A. Bhatti, 1996, Operations Research: An Introduction, Shaharyar Publishers, Lahore.

<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Software Packages</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>MTH-627</b>
<b>Credit Hours</b>	<b>3(1-2)</b>

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This subject covers the foundations of programming applications and analyze the requirements of an entry-level programming task,

### **THEORY & PRACTICAL**

Microsoft Office: Working with Documents, Formatting a Document. Customizing a Document, Entering and Editing Data, Formatting a Worksheet, Entering pictures and graphs, Using Formulas and Functions, Creating a Presentation, Working with Slides.

MATLAB BASICS: Introduction to Matlab, Arithmetic Operations, Display Formats, Elementary Math Built-in Functions , Variable Names, Predefined Variables , Commands for Managing Variables, General Commands, Polynomials , System of Linear Equations.

Math Type: Working with File, Entering the Mathematical Symbols, Using Math Type as Equation Editor, Inserting Math Type file in the Ms Office File, Using Formulas and Functions, Creating a Presentation, Working with Slides.

Latex: Working with .tex file, Formatting a file. Customizing a file, Entering and Editing Data, Using Formulas and Functions, Creating a Presentation, Working with Slides. Entering pictures and graphs. Working with Beamer for slides and presentations.

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. B. R. Hunt, R. L. Lipsman, J. M. Rosenberg, 2001. A Guide to MATLAB for Beginners and Experienced Users. 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press
2. L. Beach, 2001. Math Type Mathematical Equation Editor. Edition 5<sup>th</sup>. Design Science, Inc. U.S.A.
3. M. Matthews, C. Matthews, 2007. Microsoft Office 2007. Quick Steps. 1<sup>st</sup> Edition. McGraw-Hill Professional Publishing.
4. R. V. Dukkupati, 2010. MATLAB An Introduction With Applications. New Age International Publishers

## **SEMESTER VIII**

**Course Title:** Mathematical Statistics II  
**Course Code:** MTH-602  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

### **AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of the course is to present a solid calculus-based background in statistical theory together with its applications to solving practical real-world problems.

### **THEORY:**

Functions of Random Variables: Distribution function technique, Transformation technique: One variable, several variables, Moment-generating function technique. Sampling Distributions: The distribution of the mean, The distribution of the mean: Finite populations, The Chi-Square distribution., The  $t$  distribution, The  $F$  distribution. Regression and Correlation: Linear regression, The methods of least squares, Normal regression analysis, Normal correlation analysis, Multiple linear regression, Multiple linear regression (matrix notation).

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. J. E. Freund, *Mathematical Statistics*, (Prentice-Hall Inc., 1992).
2. Hogg and Craig, *Introduction to Mathematical Statistics*, (Collier Macmillan, 1958).  
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3. Mood, Greyill and Boes, *Introduction to the Theory of Statistics*, (McGraw Hill).
4. R. E. Walpole, *Introduction to Statistics*, 3rd edition, (Macmillan Publishing Company  
London, 1982)
5. M. R. Spiegel, L. J. Stephens, *Statistics*, (McGraw Hill Book Company, 1984)

**Course Title:**                    **Advanced Set Theory**  
**Course Code:**                   **MTH-604**  
**Credit Hours:**                 **3(3-0)**

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of the course is to present advance topics of set theory.

**THEORY:**

Equivalent sets and examples, Countable sets, examples of countable sets, uncountable sets, examples of uncountable sets, cardinal number as equivalence classes, example of cardinal numbers, Cantor's theorem, Partially ordered sets, chains, lattices, Partial ordering on cardinal numbers, Cantor-Bernstein theorem and applications, Addition, multiplication and exponentiation of cardinals, Zorn's lemma and applications, axiom of choice, equivalence of axiom of choice and Zorn's lemma, well ordered sets and related concepts, ordinal numbers, addition and multiplication of ordinal numbers.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. S. Shen, N. K. Vereshchagin, A. Shen. *Basic Set Theory*. American Mathematical Soc.; 2002.
2. I. Kaplansky, *Set theory and metric spaces*. Vol. 298. American Mathematical Soc., 2001.
3. A. N. Kolmogorov ,& S. V. Fomin, (2012). *Introductory Real Analysis*. Courier Corporation.
4. P. R. Halmos, *Naïve Set Theory*, New York, Van Nonstrand.
5. Hrbacek, Karel, and Thomas Jech. *Introduction to Set Theory, Revised and Expanded*. Crc Press, 1999.

**Course Title:** Numerical Analysis II  
**Course Code:** MTH-606  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Numerical methods for the solution of some of the main problems of the scientific computing are introduced (nonlinear systems, data approximation, numerical differentiation and integration, numerical solution of ODE); their implementation and analysis are given by using interactive environments for the computing and the scientific visualization.

**THEORY:**

Osculating polynomials, Differentiation and integration in multidimension. Ordinary differential equations: Predictor methods, Modified Eulers method, Truncation error and stability, The Taylor series method, Runge-Kutta methods. Differential equations of higher order: System of differential equations; Runge-Kutta methods, shooting methods, finite difference methods. Partial differential equations: Elliptic hyperbolic and parabolic equations; Explicit and implicit finite difference methods, stability, convergence and consistency analysis, The method of characteristic. Eigen value problems; Estimation of Eigen values and corresponding error bounds, Gerschgorin's theorem and its applications Schur's theorem, Power method, Shift of origin, Deflation method for the subdominant Eigen values.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Komech, A. Komech. 2009. Principles of Partial Differential Equations, Springer-New York.
2. C. F. Gerlad, P.O. Wheatley. 2005. Applied Numerical Analysis. Pearson Education. Singapore.
3. J. H. Mathews, Numerical Methods for Mathematics, Latest Edition. Prentice Hall International,
4. L. Debnath. 2005. Nonlinear Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers, Birkhauser-Boston.
5. R. L. Burden, J. D. Faires: Numerical Analysis, Latest Edition. PWS Pub. Co.
6. W. E. Boyce, R. C. DiPrima. 2001. Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, John Wiley & sons, Inc.

**Course Title:** Theory of Modules  
**Course Code:** MTH-608  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The main objective of this course is introduce the basic theory of modules which is useful in advance level algebra courses.

**THEORY:**

Definition and examples, Sub modules, Homeomorphisms and quotient modules. Direct sums of modules. Finitely generated modules, Torsion Modules, Free modules. Basis, Rank and endomorphism of free modules. Matrices over Rings and their connections with the basis of free modules. A Module. A Module as the direct sum of a free and a torsion module. Exact sequences and elementary notions of homological algebra. Noetherian and modules, Radicals, Semi simple rings and modules.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. T. S. Blyth. 2004. Module Theory. Oxford University Press.
2. D. S. Dummit, R. M. Foote. 2004. Abstract Algebra. Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>. John Wiley & Sons.
3. B. Hartley, T.O.Hawkes. 2006. Rings, Modules and Linear Algebra, Chapman and Hall.
4. G. Kemper. 2010. A Course in Commutative Algebra. Springer.

**Course Title:** Algebraic Number Theory  
**Course Code:** MTH-610  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aims of this unit are to enable students to gain an understanding and appreciation of algebraic number theory and familiarity with the basic objects of study, namely number fields and their rings of integers. In particular, it should enable them to become comfortable working with the basic algebraic concepts involved, to appreciate the failure of unique factorisation in general, and to see applications of the theory to Diophantine equations.

**THEORY:**

Review of polynomials, irreducible polynomials, Algebraic numbers and integers, Units and Primes in  $R[v]$  ideals. Arithmetic of ideals congruencies, the norm of an ideal. Prime ideals, Units of algebraic number field.

Application to Rational Number Theory: Equivalence and class number, Cyclotomic field  $K_p$ , Fermat's equation, Kummer's theorem, The equation:  $x^2 + 2=y^3$ , pure cubic fields, Distribution of primes and Riemann's zeta function.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Adler, J. E. Coury, The Theory of Numbers, Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
2. D. M. Burton. 2007. Elementary Number Theory, McGraw-Hill.
3. I. Niven, H. S. Zuckerman, H. L. Montgomery. An Introduction to the Theory of Numbers. John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
4. K. H. Rosen. 2005. Elementary Number Theory and its Applications. Addison-Wesley. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition.
5. I. N. Stewart, D. O. Tall, Algebraic Number Theory. 2nd Edition. Chapman and Hall/CRC Press. 1987.
6. W. J. LeVeque. 2002. Topics in Number Theory. Volumes I and II.

**Course Title:** Category Theory  
**Course Code:** MTH-612  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course unit is to introduce the basic ideas of Category theory.

**THEORY:**

Basic concepts of category, Definition of category, examples, epimorphism, monomorphism, retractions, Initial, Terminal, and null objects, Category of graphs, Limits in categories, Equalizers, Pull backs, Inverse images and intersections, Constructions with kernel pairs, Functions and adjoint Functions, Functions, Bifunctions, Natural transformations, Diagrams, Limits, Colimits, Universal problems and adjoint functions.

Subjects, Quotient objects and factorization, (E,M) Categories, (Epi external mono) and (external epi mono) Categories, (Generating external mono) factorization. Pointed categories: Normal and exact categories, Additive categories, Abelian categories, Definition of automation and examples, Category of automata, Epimorphism, Monomorphism, initial, terminal and null objects in Aut. Congruences and factor automata, Automata with constant input and output.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. J. V. Oosten. 2007. Basic Category Theory. University of Otrecht.
2. M. A. Arbib, E. G. Manes, 1977, Arrows, structure and functions, Academic press New York.
3. P. Freyd, 1964, Abelian Categories: An Introduction to the Theory of Funtors, Harper and Row.
4. T. Leinster. 2014. Basic Category Theory. Cambridge University Press.



**Course Title:** Galois Theory  
**Course Code:** MTH-614  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

To present an introduction to Galois theory in the context of arbitrary field extensions and apply it to a number of historically important mathematical problems.

**THEORY:**

Introduction to Extension Fields, Algebraic extensions, Finite fields, The basic isomorphism of algebraic field theory, Automorphism and fields, The Isomorphism Extension Theorem, Splitting fields, Separable extensions - Galois Theory, Illustrations of Galois Theory.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. A. Cox. 2012. Galois Theory. 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
2. D. S. Dummit, R. M. Foote. 2004. Abstract Algebra. Edition 3<sup>rd</sup>. John Wiley & Sons.
3. I. Kaplansky. Fields and Rings. Latest Edition. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
4. I. Stewart. 2004. Galois Theory. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. Chapman & Hall/CRC.

**Course Title:** Probability Theory  
**Course Code:** MTH-616  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

A prime objective of the course is to introduce the students to the fundamentals of probability theory and present techniques and basic results of the theory and illustrate these concepts with applications. This course will also present the basic principles of random variables and random processes needed in 24 applications.

**THEORY:**

Finite probability spaces: Basic concept, probability and related frequency, combination of events, examples, Independence, Random variables, Expected value. Standard deviation and Chebyshev's inequality. Independence of random variables. Multiplicativity of the expected value. Additivity of the variance, Discrete probability distribution. Probability as a continuous set function: sigma-algebras, examples. Continuous random variables, Expectation and variance. Normal random variables and continuous probability distribution. Applications: de Moivre-Laplace limit theorem, weak and strong law of large numbers. The central limit theorem, Markov chains and continuous Markov process.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. M. Capinski, E. Kopp, Measure, Integral and Probability, Springer-Verlag, 1998.
2. R. M. Dudley, Real Analysis and Probability, Cambridge University Press, 2004.
3. S. I. Resnick, A Probability Path, Birkhauser, 1999.
4. S. Ross, A first Course in Probability Theory, 5th ed., Prentice Hall, 1998.
5. Robert B. Ash, Basic Probability Theory, Dover. B, 20

**Course Title:** Theory of Elasticity  
**Course Code:** MTH-618  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The objective of the course is to introduce the theory of elasticity and to analyze some real problems and to formulate the conditions of theory of elasticity applications.

**THEORY:**

Cartesian tensors, Analysis of stress and strain, Generalized Hooke's law; crystalline structure, Point groups of crystals, Reduction in the number of elastic moduli due to crystal symmetry; Equations of equilibrium; Boundary conditions, compatibility equations; Plane stress and plane strain problems; Two dimensional problems in rectangular and polar co-ordinates; torsion of rods and beams.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. P. Boresi And K. P. Chong, 2000, Elasticity in Engineering Mechanics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons.
2. A. C. Ugural, S. K. Fenster, . Advanced Strength and Applied Elasticity, Latest Edition. Elsevier Science Publishing Co., Inc..
3. A. S. Saada, Elasticity: Theory and Applications. Latest Edition. Krieger Publishing, Malabar, Florida,
4. S. P. Timoshenko And J. N. Goodier, Theory of Elasticity, McGraw Hill Book Company. Latest Edition.

**Course Title:** Electromagnetism  
**Course Code:** MTH-620  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to provide the students with the fundamental principles of electrical energy (electro- magnetism).

**THEORY:**

Electrostatics and the solution of electrostatics problems in vacuum and in media, Electrostatic energy, Electro currents, The magnetic field of steady currents. Magnetic properties of matter. Magnetic energy, Electromagnetic Introduction, Maxwell's equations, Boundary Value Potential Problems in two dimensions, Electromagnetic Waves, Radiation, Motion of electric charges.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. D. Corson, P. Lerrain. Latest Edition. Introduction to Electromagnetic Fields and Waves. Freeman.
2. J. R. Reitz, F. J. Milford. Latest Edition. Foundation of Electromagnetic Theory. Addison-Wesley
3. K. H. Panofsky, M. Philips. Latest Edition. Classical Electricity and Magnetism. Addison-Wesley.
4. V. C. A. Ferraro. Latest Edition. Electromagnetic Theory. The Athlone Press.

**Course Title:** Quantum Mechanics II  
**Course Code:** MTH-622  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of the course is to provide mathematics students with a thorough introduction to nonrelativistic quantum mechanics, with emphasis on the mathematical structure of the theory.

**THEORY:**

Motion in three dimensions, angular momentum, commutation relations between components of angular momentum, and their representation in spherical polar coordinates, simultaneous Eigen functions of  $L_z$  and  $L^2$ , Spherically symmetric potential and the hydrogen atom.

Scattering Theory: The scattering cross-section, scattering amplitude, scattering equation, Born approximation, partial wave analysis.

Perturbation Theory: Time independent perturbation of non-degenerate and degenerate cases. Time-dependent perturbations.

Identical Particle: Symmetric and anti-symmetric Eigen function, The Pauli exclusion principle.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. E. Merzdacker. Latest Edition. Quantum Mechanics. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>. John Wiley and Sons.
2. J. G. Taylor. Latest Edition. Quantum Mechanics. George Allen and Unwin.
3. R. Dicke, J .P. Witke. Latest Edition. Quantum Mechanics. Addison Wesley.
4. R. M. Eisberg. Latest Edition. Fundamental of Modern Mechanics. John Willey and Sons H.Muirhead. The Physics of Elementary Particles. Pergamon Press.
5. T. L. Powell, B.Crasemann . Latest Edition. Quantum Mechanics. Addison Wesley.

**Course Title:** Theory of Optimization  
**Course Code:** MTH-624  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to obtain a rigorous mathematical background to optimization techniques used in other related fields.

**THEORY:**

Introduction to optimization. Relative and absolute extreme. Convex. Concave and unimodal functions. Constants. Mathematical programming problems. Optimization of one, two and several variables functions and necessary and sufficient conditions for their optima. Direct substitution method and Lagrange multiplier method, necessary and sufficient conditions for an equality-constrained optimum with bounded independent variables. Inequality constraints and Lagrange multipliers. Kuhn- Tucker Theorem. Multidimensional optimization by Gradient method. Convex and concave programming, Calculus of variation and Euler Language equations, Functions depending on several independent variables. Variational problems in parametric form. Generalized mathematical formulation of dynamics programming. Non-Linear continuous models, Dynamics programming and Variational calculus. Control theory.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. B. S. Gotfried, J. Weisman. Latest Edition. Introduction to Optimization Theory. Prentice-Inc. New Jersey.
2. D. A. Wismer, R Chattergy. Latest Edition. Introduction to Nonlinear Optimization. North - Holland, New York.
3. L. Elsgolts. Latest Edition . Differential Equations and the Calculus of Variations. New Edition. University Press of the Pacific.
4. M. D. Intriligator. Latest Edition. Mathematical Optimization and Economic Theory. Society For industrial and Applied Mathematics.

**Course Title:** Measure Theory  
**Course Code:** MTH-626  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

To gain understanding of the abstract measure theory and definition and main properties of the integral. To construct Lebesgue's measure on the real line and in  $n$ -dimensional Euclidean space. To explain the basic advanced directions of the theory.

**THEORY:**

Review of definitions of set theory and properties of sets, Relations and functions, Relationship between equivalence relations on a set  $A$  and partitions of  $A$ , Different types of functions. Choice functions, Axiom of choice, Equivalent sets, Countable sets. Definition and its properties, Review of elementary concepts of Topology,  $G$ -sets. Borel sets, Cantor set, Continuous functions, Review of elementary real analysis, Ring,  $\sigma$ -ring of sets and their relationship, Algebra,  $\sigma$ -algebra of sets and relationship between them and ring,  $\sigma$ -ring. Existence of smallest  $\sigma$ -algebra containing a given collection of subsets of a set, General definitions of outer measure and measure of a set and their properties. Lebesgue outer measure. Definition and its properties Lebesgue measurable set, Its Caratheodar's definition and properties, Approximation of measurable sets by open /  $G$  and closed /sets, Lebesgue measure, Definition and its properties, Lebesgue measure of Cantor set, Existence of Lebesgue non-measurable set, Measurable function, Definition, algebra of measurable functions and various other properties of measurable functions, Measurability of step. Characteristic, Dinchlet's and simple functions etc.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. R. G. Bartle. 1995. The Elements of Integration and Lebesgue Measure. International Edition. Wiley Interscience.
2. H. Bauer. 2001. Measure and Integration Theory. Berlin. de Gruyter.
3. H. S. Bear. 2001. A Primer of Lebesgue Integration. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>. San Diego. Academic Press.
4. V. I. Bogachev. 2007. Measure Theory. Volume 1. Berlin. Springer.

**Course Title:** Combinatorics  
**Course Code:** MTH-628  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this class is to introduce the basic combinatorial tools of computer science, to train students in mathematical thinking and reasoning that is pertinent to computer science, and to present that reasoning in rigorous written text.

**THEORY:**

Basic counting principles, Permutations, Combinations, The injective and bijective principles, Arrangements and selections with repetitions, Graphs in Combinatorics, The Binomial theorem, combinatorial identities. Properties of binomial coefficients, Multinomial coefficients, The multinomial theorem, The Pigeonhole principle, Examples, Ramsay numbers, The principle of inclusion and exclusion, Generalization, Integer solutions, Surjective mapping, Stirling numbers of the second kind, The Sieve of Eratostheries, Euler  $\phi$ -function, The Probleme des Manages, Ordinary Generating Functions, Modeling problems. Partition of integers, Exponential generating functions, Linear homogeneous recurrence relations, Algebraic solutions of linear recurrence relations and constant functions, The method of generating functions, A non-linear recurrence relation and Catalpa numbers.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A. Tucker. Applied Combinatorics. Latest Edition. John Wiley & Sons. New York,
2. C. C. Chen, K. M. Koh, 1992. Principles and Techniques in Combinatorics. World Scientific Pub. Co. Pte. Ltd. Singapore.
3. C. L. Liu. 1968. Introduction to Combinatorial Mathematics. McGraw-Hill. New York.
4. J. H.V. Ling, R. M. Wilson. 2001. A Course on Combinatorics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
5. V. K. Balakrishnan. 1995. Theory and Problems of Combunatorics. Schaum's Outline Series. McGraw-Hill International Edition. Singapore.



**Course Title:** Fluid Mechanics-II  
**Course Code:** MTH-634  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of the course is to introduce some of the most current research subjects in the field of fluid dynamics.

**THEORY:**

Vortex motion, Line Vortex, Vortex row Image System, Kelvin's minimum energy theorem, Uniqueness theorem, Fluid streaming past a circular cylinder, Irrational motion produced by a vortex filament. The Helmholtz vorticity equation, Karman's vortex-street. Constitutive equations; Navier- Stoke's equations; Exact solution of Navier-Stoke's equations; Steady unidirectional flow; Poiseuille flow; Couette flow; Unsteady unidirectional flow, Sudden motion of a plane boundary in a fluid at rest; Flow due to an oscillatory boundary; Equations of motion relative to a rotatingsystem; Ekman flow; Dynamical similarity of turbulent motion.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. H. Schlichting. 2000. Boundary Layer Theory. Edition 8<sup>th</sup>. Springer.
2. I. G. Currie. 2012. Fundamental Mechanics and Fluids. Edition 4<sup>th</sup>. CRC Press.
3. J. H. Aksel, N. Spurk. 2008. Fluid Mechanics. Edition 2<sup>nd</sup>.Springer.
4. R. K. Bansal. 2005. A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics. Edition 9<sup>th</sup>. Laxmi Publications LTD, New Delhi. H

**Course Title:** Integral Equations  
**Course Code:** MTH-636  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

Many physical problems that are usually solved by differential equation methods can be solved more effectively by integral equation methods. This course will help students gain insight into the application of advanced mathematics and guide them through derivation of appropriate integral equations governing the behavior of several standard physical problems.

**THEORY:**

Linear Integral Equations of the 1<sup>st</sup> kind, Linear Integral Equations of the 2<sup>nd</sup> kind, Relationship between differential equation and Volterra Integral Equation. Neumann series. Fredholm Integral Equations of the 2<sup>nd</sup> kind with separable Kernels. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Iterated functions. Quadrature methods. Least square methods. Homogenous Integral Equations of the 2<sup>nd</sup> kind. Fredholm Integral Equations of the 1<sup>st</sup> kind. Fredholm Integral Equations of the 1<sup>st</sup> kind. Fredholm Integral Equations of the 2<sup>nd</sup> kind. Abel's Integral Equations. Hilbert Schmidt theory of Integral Equations with symmetric Kernels, Regularization and filtering techniques.

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. A.M.Wazwaz. A First Course in Integral Equations. World Scientific Pub.
2. C.T.H.Baker. Integral Equations. Clarendon Press.
3. F.Smithies. Integral Equations. Cambridge University Press.
4. W. V. Lovitt. 2005. Linear Integral Equations. Dover Publications.

**Course Title:** Graph Theory  
**Course Code:** MTH-638  
**Credit Hours:** 3(3-0)

**AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:**

The aim of this course is to introduce basic graph theory and applications.

**THEORY:**

Graphs: Graphs Models, Some special classes of graphs, Connected graphs, Multigraphs, Digraphs Degrees: The Degree of a vertex, Degree Sequence, Graphs and Matrices Regular and Irregular graphs, Isomorphic Graphs: Graphs and Groups, Trees: Bridges, Trees, The minimum spanning tree, Connectivity: Cut-Vertices, Blocks, Menger Theorem, Eulerian Graphs, Hamiltonian graphs, Planar graphs, Digraphs: Strong digraphs, Tournaments

**RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

1. B. Bollobas. 2002. Modern Graph theory. Springer Verlag , Newyork.
2. B. Bollobas, 1979, Graph theory. Springer Verlag , Newyork.
3. J. L. Gross, J. Yellen. 2005, Graph theory and Its Applications. Chapman and Hall.
4. R. J. Wilson, Introduction to Graph Theory. Latest Edition. Pearson Education Ltd.